

### **Legally Qualified Candidate**

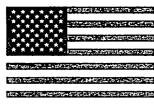
- Must have announced intention to run
- Must be qualified under state law to hold the office
- Must be qualified under state law to be on the ballot or a write-in candidate
- Presidential candidates must be qualified in the state or in ten states
- · Check with governmental officials

# The Key Element of Political Broadcasting Is a Candidate "Use"

- A "use" must include a candidate appearance in an *identifiable* voice or picture
- Any "positive" appearance by a candidate is a "use"
- The appearance does *not* have to be controlled or approved by the candidate
- "Use" triggers "equal opportunity" for opponents of that candidate

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### Candidate Access: Two Different Standards





- Federal Candidates
  have "reasonable access" rights
- State and local candidates – Only "access" at station discretion

# Federal Candidates Are Entitled to Reasonable Access

- Applies to candidate "uses" (see definition) during entire campaign period
- Stations cannot set flat "limits" on amount or type of spots/program time that candidates can buy
- But, Stations may reject unreasonable requests and negotiate with candidates
- Stations need not respond to "blind" requests for avails or time

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# Federal Access Continued (Federal Candidates)

- Must be offered prime time, program time
- May be excluded from news
- May not be excluded from any other category of programs
- Do not have a right of access to any particular program, day or day-part
- Note: non-commercial "educational" stations (FCC reserved channels) are exempt from "reasonable access" concerns by Section 312(a)(7)

## Reasonable Determinations by Stations

- Station's "reasonable determination" consider:
- --how much time previously sold to candidate
- --potential disruptive effect on programming
- --possibility of "equal opportunity" requests
- --timing of request—near election date?

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#### State and Local Candidates

- Stations can take political ads/program from some races and not others
- Stations can limit the number of ads/programs
- Stations can restrict to certain day-parts
- Stations must make all "discount classes" available
- Equal Opportunities, Lowest Unit Charge and No Censorship apply

### **Equal Opportunities**

- Applies when candidate becomes legally qualified
- Applies to candidates in "same race" (opponents seeking the same office)
- But Candidates must request equal opportunities within seven days of opponent's "use"
- Triggered by non-exempt "use"

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### **Exempt Programs**

- Bona fide newscasts
- Bona fide news interview programs
- Bona fide documentaries
- On-the-spot coverage of bona fide news events (includes debates)



#### **Political Rates**

- Apply to all races federal, state & local during "windows"
- Lowest unit charge applies during political "windows"
  - 45 days before a primary or caucus
  - 60 days before a general or special election
- Use must be in connection with the campaign

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Lowest Unit Charge WINDOWS 2011-2012

### **Lowest Unit Charge**

- The lowest unit charge ("LUC") is the lowest rate charged for the same class and amount of time for the same period-- that runs within a LUC window. Not always easy to determine.
- Same "class" (fixed/preemptible/ROS etc.)
- Same "amount of time" (30/60+etc.)
- Same "period" (prime time, drive time, etc.)

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# Charges Inside the Political Window

- Maxim: The political advertiser received the benefit of all discounts, frequency & otherwise, offered to the most favored commercial advertiser for the same class & amount of time for the same period without regard to the frequency of use by the candidate.
- Example: even though buying only a small dollar value & number of spots, candidate gets volume discount applicable to most favored commercial advertiser.

# Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act "BCRA" Federal Candidate Certification

- To be entitled to LUC, a Federal Candidate "must certify" to Station that "if" the candidate's on-air material refers to an "opponent" (negative or positive) that certain required language will be inserted into the audio & video message.
- This requirement is for "federal candidates" only.
- Can deny LUC if the candidate does not certify.

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#### Package Plans

- Package plans or bonus spots are <u>not</u> considered a separate class.
  - Package within a class is just a volume discount.
  - Package containing spots in multiple classes and/or dayparts may be allocated.
  - Calculate value for each & retain in private non-public file in case complaint/FCC inquiry.

#### **Preemptible Time**

- Stations with separate levels of preemptible time (with different rights) may treat each level as a separate class, each with its own LUC.
- Stations must disclose estimate of approximate "likelihood" of preemption of each class.
- Stations which sell time on a perpetual "auction" basis have only one class of preemptible time.

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#### What to Include in the LUC

- All paid slots
- · Value of packages and bonus spots
- All contracts in effect during the political window
- Frequency Discounts
- "Special" Package Plans

#### What to Exclude From the LUC

- · Spots for which no payment is received
- · Barter spots
- · Per-inquiry spots
- · Bonus spots for charitable organizations/government entities
- Billboards & Program Sponsorships
- Non-cash merchandizing/promotional incentives (but make available to candidate on same terms unless de minimis in value or imply a relationship with the station
- Web services excluded. Treat like non-cash incentive. If part of packges for other advertisers then candidate gets on same basis.
- Charges for production, line charges, remote production etc.

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#### Make Goods

- If value same as other spots in time period broadcast, then no effect. But, if make good spot lower than other spots, make good lowers LUC.
- Audience Short-Fall Make Goods:
  - Audience information/rating may not be available before the election. Disclose this possibility. Give after election cash rebate or try offer/negotiate for make good for subsequent election.

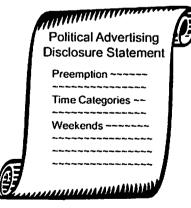
#### Time Sensitive Make Goods

 Political make good must run before the election, if station has provided timesensitive make goods to any commercial advertiser purchasing the same class of time during the year preceding.

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#### Disclosure Statement

- · Advisable to have in writing
- Provided to every candidate or agency requesting political time (inside or outside the political windows)
- Stations do not have to ensure that candidates read the disclosure statement
- May change during the political season



#### **Disclosure Statement Contents**

- Time classes available to advertisers (preemptible, ROS, etc. available to commercial advertisers)
- · LUC or comparable rate for each class
- · Make good policies
- Preemptible time practices, different classes/approx. likelihood of preemption
- Audience delivery sales practices, value-added privileges, discounts, etc.
- Any other sales practices
- · Charges for use of facilities, advance payment policies, etc.

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### Sponsor Identification

- All spots must have a proper sponsor ID
- · Must use "paid for" or "sponsored by"
- Spots paid for by someone other than the candidate must state whether they are authorized by the candidate
- TV Four second; four percent of screen height (20 scan lines)
- BCRA adds requirement for federal candidates if mention an opponent.

# BCRA Sponsor ID Requirement for federal candidates

- Federal candidate certification that "if" mention opponent will add certain language:
- TV: image of candidate, identifying him/herself, & stating he/she authorized ad; plus text stating authorized ad & candidate/his/her campaign committee paid for ad. See specs for size on screen etc.
- AM/FM: candidate's voice identifying him/herself, office sought, & that he/she approved the ad.

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# Other BCRA Sponsor ID Requirements

- Political Programming "Advocating" election or defeat of federal candidate
  - If Authorized
  - If not Authorized (third party/issue advertisers)
- Enforcement. Query: Station responsibility?

### Advance Payment



- For federal candidates, stations can require payment no more than seven days in advance
- For state and local races, station's commercial advance payment policies apply

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### Credit Must Be Offered If



- Candidate or agency has established credit relationship with the station, and
  - Candidate or agency assumes responsibility for payment, and
- Station would give credit to similar commercial advertiser

#### Political File

- The name of the candidate requesting time (not rate inquiries), details of who/entity placed order, names, telephone/address, etc.
- Nature and disposition of request, schedule provided, class of time, rate, when aired.
- Information as to all other non-exempt uses
- · Keep information for two years
- Note new BCRA requirements

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# Additional BCRA Political File Requirement

- Information as to "programming" that "communicates a political matter of national importance"—although this is a vague standard, it would include at least programming as to:
- --legally qualified candidate
- -- any election to federal office
- --national legislative issue

